

A logarithmic integral and related integrals

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abstract

In this note we give some formulas related with the integral:

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{-\ln x}{\sqrt{x} (1+x^2)(1+x^3)} dx = \frac{2\pi^2}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

keywords: logarithmic integral , number Pi , series

I. Introduction

Theorem.

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{-\ln x}{\sqrt{x} (1+x^2)(1+x^3)} dx = \frac{2\pi^2}{3\sqrt{3}} \quad (1)$$

Proof. In Gradshteyn - Ryzhik , p.377 , 3.524.12 , appears

$$\int_0^{\infty} x \frac{\sinh ax}{\cosh bx} dx = \frac{\pi^2}{4b^2} \sin\left(\frac{a\pi}{2b}\right) \sec^2\left(\frac{a\pi}{2b}\right), \quad b > |a| \quad (2)$$

for $a = 2$, $b = 3$ we have

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{2\pi^2}{3\sqrt{3}} &= 4 \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \sinh 2x}{\cosh 3x} dx = 4 \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \sinh 2x \cosh 2x}{\cosh 2x \cosh 3x} dx = 2 \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \sinh 4x}{\cosh 2x \cosh 3x} dx = \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x \sinh 4x}{\cosh 2x \cosh 3x} dx = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x e^{4x}}{\cosh 2x \cosh 3x} dx = 4 \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^3 \ln x}{(x^2+x^{-2})(x^3+x^{-3})} dx = 4 \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^8 \ln x}{(1+x^4)(1+x^6)} dx = \\ &= 2 \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^4 \ln \sqrt{x}}{(1+x^2)(1+x^3)\sqrt{x}} dx = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^4 \ln x}{\sqrt{x} (1+x^2)(1+x^3)} dx = - \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\ln x}{\sqrt{x} (1+x^2)(1+x^3)} dx \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

remark: $\pi = 4 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n (2n+1)^{-1}$.

II. Related integrals

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{-\ln x}{(1+x^4)(1+x^6)} dx = \frac{\pi^2}{6\sqrt{3}} \quad (4)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^8 \ln x}{(1+x^4)(1+x^6)} dx = \frac{\pi^2}{6\sqrt{3}} \quad (5)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{x} x^3 \ln x}{(1+x^2)(1+x^3)} dx = \frac{2\pi^2}{3\sqrt{3}} \quad (6)$$

$$-\int_0^{\infty} \frac{(1-x^4) \ln x}{1+x^6} dx = \frac{\pi^2}{3\sqrt{3}} \quad (7)$$

$$-\int_0^{\infty} \frac{(1-x^2) \ln x}{1-x^2+x^4} dx = \frac{\pi^2}{3\sqrt{3}} \quad (8)$$

$$-\int_0^1 \frac{(1-x^2) \ln x}{\sqrt{x}(1+x^3)} dx = \frac{2\pi^2}{3\sqrt{3}} \quad (9)$$

$$-\int_0^1 \frac{(1-x) \ln x}{\sqrt{x}(1-x+x^2)} dx = \frac{2\pi^2}{3\sqrt{3}} \quad (10)$$

$$\int_1^{\infty} \frac{(x-1) \ln x}{\sqrt{x}(1-x+x^2)} dx = \frac{2\pi^2}{3\sqrt{3}} \quad (11)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \ln(1+x)}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+x+x^2)} dx = \frac{2\pi^2}{3\sqrt{3}} \quad (12)$$

$$-\int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{(1+x+x^2)\sqrt{x(1+x)}} \ln\left(\frac{x}{1+x}\right) dx = \frac{2\pi^2}{3\sqrt{3}} \quad (13)$$

$$-\int_0^1 \frac{x^3}{(1-2x+2x^2)(1-3x+3x^2)} \sqrt{\frac{x}{1-x}} \ln\left(\frac{1-x}{x}\right) dx = \frac{2\pi^2}{3\sqrt{3}} \quad (14)$$

$$-\int_0^1 \frac{(1-x)^3}{(1-2x+2x^2)(1-3x+3x^2)} \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{x}} \ln\left(\frac{x}{1-x}\right) dx = \frac{2\pi^2}{3\sqrt{3}} \quad (15)$$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{x}{1+14x^2+x^4} \ln\left(\frac{1+x}{1-x}\right) dx = \frac{\pi^2}{48\sqrt{3}} \quad (16)$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x e^{4x}}{\cosh(2x) \cosh(3x)} dx = \frac{2\pi^2}{3\sqrt{3}} \quad (17)$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x \sinh(4x)}{\cosh(2x) \cosh(3x)} dx = \frac{2\pi^2}{3\sqrt{3}} \quad (18)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \sinh(4x)}{\cosh(2x) \cosh(3x)} dx = \frac{\pi^2}{3\sqrt{3}} \quad (19)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \sinh(2x)}{\cosh(3x)} dx = \frac{\pi^2}{6\sqrt{3}} \quad (20)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x(1-(\tanh x)^2) \tanh x}{1+14(\tanh x)^2+(\tanh x)^4} dx = \frac{\pi^2}{96\sqrt{3}} \quad (21)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{(\sinh x)^3 \ln \cosh x}{7 + \cosh(4x)} dx = \frac{\pi^2}{48\sqrt{3}} \quad (22)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \ln(x + \sqrt{1+x^2})}{\sqrt{1+x^2} (1+4x^2)} dx = \frac{\pi^2}{12\sqrt{3}} \quad (23)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \ln(x + \sqrt{1+x^2})}{\sqrt{1+x^2} \left((\sqrt{1+x^2} + x)^{3/2} + (\sqrt{1+x^2} - x)^{3/2} \right)} dx = \frac{\pi^2}{3\sqrt{3}} \quad (24)$$

$$\int_1^{\infty} \frac{\left((x + \sqrt{x^2-1})^{2/3} - (x - \sqrt{x^2-1})^{2/3} \right) \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2-1})}{x \sqrt{x^2-1}} dx = \pi^2 \sqrt{3} \quad (25)$$

III. Related Series

$$\frac{2\pi^2}{3\sqrt{3}} = \frac{16}{9} \cdot \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 3^{-n} \sum_{k=0}^n \sum_{m=0}^{n-k} \binom{n-k}{m} (-2)^m \sum_{r=0}^k \binom{k}{r} (-2)^r \left(\frac{1}{(4m+6r+1)^2} - \frac{1}{(4m+6r+9)^2} \right) \quad (26)$$

$$\frac{\pi^2}{6\sqrt{3}} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n \sum_{k=0}^n \left((4n+2k+1)^{-2} - (4n+2k+9)^{-2} \right) \quad (27)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{2\pi^2}{3\sqrt{3}} &= \sqrt{2} \ln 2 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n 2^{-3n} \left(\frac{1}{6n+1} - \frac{1/4}{6n+5} \right) + 2\sqrt{2} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n 2^{-3n} \left(\frac{1}{(6n+1)^2} - \frac{1/4}{(6n+5)^2} \right) + \\ &\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n 2^{-3n-4} \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(-1)^k 2^{2k}}{k+1} \sum_{m=0}^{n-k} \binom{2m}{m} (-1)^m \left(\frac{2}{3n-2k-2m+3} + \frac{1}{3n-2k-2m+4} \right) \end{aligned} \quad (28)$$

$$\frac{\pi^2}{3\sqrt{3}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{e}} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n e^{-2n} \sum_{k=0}^n e^{-k} \left(\frac{4n+2k+3}{(4n+2k+1)^2} - \frac{e^{-4}(4n+2k+11)}{(4n+2k+9)^2} \right) + 2 \int_0^{1/2} \frac{x \sinh(2x)}{\cosh(3x)} dx \quad (29)$$

For $0 < z < 1$, we have

$$\frac{2\pi^2}{3\sqrt{3}} = 4\sqrt{z} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-z^2)^n \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{z^k}{(4n+2k+1)^2} - 2\sqrt{z} \ln z \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-z^2)^n \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{z^k}{4n+2k+1} + \int_z^{\infty} \frac{-\ln x}{\sqrt{x} (1+x^2)(1+x^3)} dx \quad (30)$$

$$\frac{\pi^2}{6\sqrt{3}} = 24 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (2n+1)}{(36n^2+36n+5)^2} \quad (31)$$

$$\frac{\pi^2}{6\sqrt{3}} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{(12n+1)^2} - \frac{1}{(12n+5)^2} - \frac{1}{(12n+7)^2} + \frac{1}{(12n+11)^2} \right) \quad (32)$$

References

- A. Gradshteyn, I.S., and Ryzhik, I.M. : Table of Integrals, Series, and Products. Seventh edition, edited by Alan Jeffrey and Daniel Zwillinger, Academic Press, 2007.
- B. Reynolds, R. and Stauffer, A. : Note on an integral by Anatolii Prudnikov, AIMS Mathematics, 6(3): 2680-2689. DOI: 10.3934/math-2021162, 2020, <http://www.aimspress.com/journal/Math>.