

# **Unification for Gravity and Electromagnetic Field in Kerr-Newman Solution**

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## **ABSTRACT**

Solutions of unified theory equations of gravity and electromagnetism has to satisfy Einstein-Maxwell equation. Specially, solution of the unified theory is generally Kerr-Newman solution in vacuum. We finally found the revised Einstein gravity tensor equation with new term (2-order contravariant metric tensor two times product and the constant matrix) is right in Kerr-Newman solution.

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## 1.Introduction

This theory's aim is that we discover the revised Einstein gravity equation had Kerr-Newman solution in vacuum..

First, we know the revised Einstein gravity equation[1].

$$R_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2}g_{\mu\nu}R + \Lambda g_{\mu\nu} / (g^{\theta\theta})^2 = -\frac{8\pi G}{c^4}T_{\mu\nu}$$

In this time,

$$\Lambda = k \frac{GQ^2}{c^4}, \quad / = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (1)$$

If Eq(1) take covariant differential operator,

$$(R_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2}g_{\mu\nu}R)_{;\mu} + \Lambda g_{\mu\nu} / 2g^{\theta\theta}g^{\theta\theta}_{;\mu} = -\frac{8\pi G}{c^4}T_{\mu\nu;\mu} = 0 \quad (2-i)$$

$$(R_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2}g_{\mu\nu}R)_{;\nu} + \Lambda g_{\mu\nu} / 2g^{\theta\theta}g^{\theta\theta}_{;\nu} = -\frac{8\pi G}{c^4}T_{\mu\nu;\nu} = 0 \quad (2-ii)$$

In this time, in Kerr-Newman solution

$$g_{\theta\theta} = 1 / g^{\theta\theta} = \rho^2 = r^2 + a^2 \cos^2 \theta$$

$$\begin{aligned} g^{\theta\theta}_{;\rho} &= \frac{\partial g^{\theta\theta}}{\partial X^\rho} + 2\Gamma^\theta_{\sigma\rho}g^{\sigma\theta} = \frac{\partial g^{\theta\theta}}{\partial r} + 2\Gamma^\theta_{\theta r}g^{\theta\theta} \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( \frac{1}{\rho^2} \right) + 2 \cdot \frac{r}{\rho^2} \cdot \frac{1}{\rho^2} = -2 \frac{1}{\rho^3} \cdot \frac{r}{\rho} + \frac{2r}{\rho^4} = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} g^{\theta\theta}_{;\theta} &= \frac{\partial g^{\theta\theta}}{\partial X^\theta} + 2\Gamma^\theta_{\sigma\theta}g^{\sigma\theta} = \frac{\partial g^{\theta\theta}}{\partial \theta} + 2\Gamma^\theta_{\theta\theta}g^{\theta\theta} \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left( \frac{1}{\rho^2} \right) - 2 \cdot \frac{1}{\rho^2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \rho \frac{2a^2}{\rho} \cos \theta \sin \theta \cdot \frac{1}{\rho^2} \\ &= -2 \cdot \frac{1}{\rho^3} \cdot -\frac{2a^2 \cos \theta \sin \theta}{\rho} - \frac{4a^2}{\rho^4} \cos \theta \sin \theta = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

If  $g^{\theta\theta}_{;\rho} = V_\rho$ , the vector transformation is

$$0 = V_\rho = \frac{\partial X'^\alpha}{\partial X^\rho} V'_\alpha, \quad V'_\alpha = 0 \quad (5)$$

Therefore, if the coordinate is not the Kerr-Newman's coordinate, the covariant differential of

$g^{\theta\theta} = \frac{1}{\rho^2}$  is still zero in the changed coordinates.

## 2. The revised Einstein gravity equation and Kerr-Newman solution

In this theory, Eq(1) can change the following equation.

$$R_{\mu\nu} = -\frac{8\pi G}{c^4} (T_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2} g_{\mu\nu} T^\lambda{}_\lambda) + \Lambda g_{\mu\nu} / (g^{\theta\theta})^2 \quad (6)$$

In this time, in vacuum, specially, in Kerr-Newman solution,

$$T_{\mu\nu} = 0, \quad T^\lambda{}_\lambda = g^{\mu\nu} T_{\mu\nu} \neq 0 \quad (7)$$

Therefore, Eq(1) is

$$\begin{aligned} T_{\mu\nu} = 0, \quad -\Lambda g_{\mu\nu} / (g^{\theta\theta})^2 &= R_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2} g_{\mu\nu} R = \frac{2G}{c^5} (F_{\mu\rho} F_{\nu}{}^\rho - \frac{1}{4} g_{\mu\nu} F_{\rho\sigma} F^{\rho\sigma}) \\ &= \frac{2G}{c^5} (g_{\mu\nu} F_{\nu\rho} F^{\nu\rho} - \frac{1}{4} g_{\mu\nu} F_{\rho\sigma} F^{\rho\sigma}) \end{aligned} \quad (8)$$

In this time, According to [2],

$$\begin{aligned} E = F_{01} = -F_{10} &= \frac{Q(r^2 - a^2 \cos^2\theta)}{(r^2 + a^2 \cos^2\theta)^{3/2}} = \frac{Q(r^2 - a^2 \cos^2\theta)}{\rho^4} \\ B = F_{23} = -F_{32} &= \frac{2Q a \cos\theta}{(r^2 + a^2 \cos^2\theta)^{3/2}} = \frac{2Q a \cos\theta}{\rho^4} \end{aligned} \quad (9)$$

Hence,

$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{2G}{c^5} (g_{\mu\nu} F_{\nu\rho} F^{\nu\rho} - \frac{1}{4} g_{\mu\nu} F_{\rho\sigma} F^{\rho\sigma}) \\ &= -\frac{G}{c^5} g_{\mu\nu} / (B^2 + E^2), \quad / = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= -\frac{G}{c^5} \begin{pmatrix} g_{00} & 0 & 0 & -g_{03} \\ 0 & g_{11} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -g_{22} & 0 \\ g_{30} & 0 & 0 & -g_{33} \end{pmatrix} (B^2 + E^2), \quad B^2 + E^2 = \frac{Q^2}{\rho^4} \\ &= -\frac{G}{c^5} \begin{pmatrix} g_{00} & 0 & 0 & -g_{03} \\ 0 & g_{11} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -g_{22} & 0 \\ g_{30} & 0 & 0 & -g_{33} \end{pmatrix} \frac{Q^2}{\rho^4} = -\Lambda g_{\mu\nu} / (g^{\theta\theta})^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Lambda = k \frac{GQ^2}{c^4} \quad (10)$$

### 3. Conclusion

We finally found the revised Einstein equation of unified theory (the gravity and electromagnetic field) is right in Kerr-Newman solution.

### References

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