## Kinetic reevaluation on heavy metal ions adsorption by arro whead plant (Sagittaria trifolia L.) stalkusing using deactivation kinetics model

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## ABSTRACT

The heavy metal ions adsorption from aqueous solution by arrowhead pla nt (Sagittaria trifolia L.) [J Food Biochem. 2018;42:e12448] stalk was reeval uated using deactivation kinetics model (DKM). As the result, the reaction or ders were newly evaluated and the adsorption rate constants of each compone nt were calculated and compared.

Keywords: Adsorption Kinetics, Heterogeneous Reaction, Deactivation Kinetics Model

Zhang et al. published the paper entitled "The physicochemical characteriz ation, equilibrium, and kinetics of heavy metal ions adsorption from aqueous solution by arrowhead plant (Sagittaria trifolia L.) stalk" [1].

In their adsorption kinetic study, their experimental data were analyzed usi ng pseudo second order kinetic model (PSO) [2], Eq. (1)).

$$\frac{dq}{dt} = k_2 (q_e - q)^2 \tag{1)-PSO}$$

where q and  $q_e$  are the grams of solute adsorbed per gram of adsorbent a t any time (t) and at equilibrium, respectively, and  $k_2$  is the PSO rate consta nt of sorption. The PSO was used in many previous studies for adsorption ki netics, the dominance of this model is simple and convenient to use. But the PSO involved the adsorbed amount which is the thermodynamic quantity an d assumed reaction order.

Recently, the deficiencies and cause of previous adsorption kinetic models

were revealed, new adsorption rate equation [3] using deactivation kinetics model (DKM) has been proposed and its validities were verified by kinetic a nalysis of various experimental data. Also, many of experiment date were kin etically reevaluated by it [4-18].

In this work, the experimental data of [J Food Biochem. 2018;42:e12448] was reevaluated kinetically using DKM.

The DKM [19] (Eq. (2)) is a kinetic model for heterogeneous reaction an d used it for the kinetic analysis of  $H_2S$  removal over mesoporous LaFeO<sub>3</sub> / MCM-41 sorbent during hot coal gas desulfurization in a fixed-bed reactor. T he validity [20] of DKM was verified through kinetic analysis for other expe rimental data. DKM has not considered the detailed characteristic parameters of the solid sorbent in such a microscopic way as unreacted shrinking core model or random pore model but in a macroscopic way. The change of fracti onal conversion with time in solid phase was expressed as a deactivation rate, as shown in Eq. (2):

$$\frac{dX}{dt} = k_d C_A (1 - X)^{\alpha}$$
 (2) - DKM

where X is the deactivation degree of adsorbent, i.e. fractional conversion of fresh adsorbent ( $0 \le X \le 1$ , dimensionless). And  $C_A$  is concentration ( $\mu g L^{-1}$ ) <sup>1</sup>) of A component at any time (t),  $k_d$  is a deactivation rate constant of the a dsorbent ( $L \mu g^{-1} h^{-1}$ ),  $\alpha$  is a reaction order of (1-X). The adsorption kinetic eq uation used Eq. (2) in batch system is Eq. (3).

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dC_{A}}{dt} = -k_{A}C_{A}(1-X) \\ \frac{dX}{dt} = k_{d}C_{A}(1-X) \end{cases}$$
(3)

where  $k_A$  is the apparent adsorption rate constant of A adsorbate. Eq. (3) were solved with ODE function of MATLAB, the kinetic parameters were cal culated using the nonlinear least-squares fitting of the adsorbate concentration obtained by solving ordinary differential equations (Eq. (3)) to the experime ntal data. The input data required for the nonlinear optimization were only th

e non-dimensionalized concentrations  $(C/C_0)$  of the adsorbates with time and X were automatically evaluated in the calculation process.

The parameters of PSO estimated by Zhang et al., 2018 and kinetic para meters calculated by Eq. (3) were shown in Table. Activation energies and fr equency factors were calculated from the rate constants with temperature and the Arrhenius equation. The values calculated by Eq. (1) were used as the e xperimental data for Eq. (3).

Co PSO DKM, beta=1.5 ion  $k_2 \times 10^{-4}$  $\mathbf{R}^2$  $\mathbf{R}^2$  $q_e \times 10^2$ mg/ k<sub>A</sub>  $k_d$ L mg<sup>-1</sup> min<sup>-1</sup> min<sup>-1</sup> L g mg<sup>-1</sup> mg g<sup>-1</sup> min<sup>-1</sup> Cd(II), 50 0.70 19.4 0.999 0.1313 0.3021 0.9989 28.2 0.999 0.9996 100 1.65 0.3521 1.2185 150 27.3 0.998 0.3840 2.0899 1.0000 3.16 Pb(II), 100 18.8 45.9 0.998 0.0924 0.1582 0.9994 64.9 1.000 0.2025 0.4086 150 27.6 0.9985 300 39.7 76.9 0.999 0.1949 0.7387 0.9996 Cr(III) 80 0.01 5.98 0.999 0.0009 0.0114 1.0000 100 0.09 0.999 0.9999 11.5 0.0252 0.2151 23.5 0.999 0.9779 0.9999 150 1.17 6.1651  $\begin{cases} \frac{dC_{\rm A}}{dt} = -k_{\rm A}C_{\rm A}(1-X) \\ \frac{dX}{dt} = k_{d}C_{\rm A}(1-X)^{1.5} \end{cases}$ (4)

Table. Kinetic parameters reevaluated using DKM.

The concentration of adsorbates and deactivation of adsorbent calculated b y Eq. (4) were shown in Fig. a-f. As shown in Figures, the experimental dat a agree well with the curves.

Kinetic conclusions can be obtained like above using DKM and these con clusions can't be obtained using PSO which assumes reaction order and conta ins the adsorption amount. Authors think that it may be more necessary to u se DKM than pseudo order models including the adsorption amount in adsorp



tion kinetic studies.

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